



friends of
CIRCAP
Centre for the study
of political change

POLICHANGE

The NEWSLETTER of the Friends of CIRCAP

N. 0 / January 2009

In This Issue

M. Cotta <i>Word of welcome</i>	1
M. Brunazzo & C. Roux <i>Polichange: the Newsletter of</i>	1
N. Conti <i>Our Mission</i>	1-2
A. Movileanu <i>Friends on the Web:</i>	2
<i>Tuesday Seminars: the tradition continues</i>	2
<i>Laurea Honoris Causa to Jean Blondel: The Laudatio</i>	3-5
<i>PhD Comparative European Politics. History file</i>	6
<i>Master Politics in Europe. History file</i>	7
<i>Recent Publications from the Alumni</i>	8

Our Mission

The alumni association 'Friends of CIRCAP' was founded in October 2007, on the occasion of the first decennial of CIRCAP. The primary aims of the association are to connect alumni to CIRCAP and to each other in order to exchange scientific, social and cultural ideas between former and current students; create an atmosphere of international understanding; support guest scientists from abroad during their stay at CIRCAP. The Association also promotes research, teaching and cultural activities.

Continued on page 2

Word of Welcome

As one of the founders of the Centre for the Study of Political Change of the University of Siena and its current Director I warmly welcome this new initiative of the "Amici del CIRCAP" association. When in 1997 we founded CIRCAP we had rather clear ideas about what we wanted to achieve – the consolidation of an active nucleus of political scientists in our university, the creation of more favourable institutional conditions for the promotion of first quality political science research, and the launching of new programmes of post-graduate formation (Master and PhD) with a structured teaching component and an international perspective. We were obviously much less sure about our ability to attain these goals. A little more than ten years later, we can say that our efforts have not completely failed. Of course others will be in a better position to

provide an objective evaluation of what we have done. For me, in any case, the best indicator of the success of our enterprise is the increasing number of alumni of our graduate school that have made their way in Italy and abroad, in the academic world and in other fields of activity. When I take a look at the list of the Master and PhD students that have graduated from CIRCAP I feel genuinely proud of all the good and brilliant girls and boys that from so many different countries of the world and regions of Italy have come to Siena to study and have then begun with enthusiasm and competence their professional career. For all of us at CIRCAP to remain in touch with you, to hear about your achievements but also your problems, to meet you again either in Siena or in other places of the world, is a true reward for the efforts we have put into this enterprise.

We presume that to maintain a contact with the people in Siena and with the other former students of CIRCAP may be also for you a source of personal satisfaction.

That is why we saw with great pleasure the creation of the association Friends of CIRCAP and now of this newsletter. This simple instrument will be at your disposal to continue in a different form the conversations you held in the rooms and corridors of via Mattioli 10 and to develop the links of friendship that were established during the past years. We hope also that in this way the community of Alumni will increasingly become a dynamic factor in the life of CIRCAP itself, helping it to achieve more completely its mission.

Welcome then to Polichange, and *ad maiora!*

Maurizio Cotta
President of CIRCAP

Polichange: the Newsletter of the Friends of CIRCAP

Welcome to *Polichange*, the newsletter of the 'Friends of CIRCAP'! The name chosen by the Association is a kind of tribute to the first old series of *Polichange*, which was the Newsletter of the CIRCAP between 1998 and 2003. It will be published twice a year. Along with the interactive Friends of CIRCAP Website, *Polichange* will gather information about past achievements, current activities and future projects of the association, its members and the research centre where they were trained. What are the activities of the alumni association? What is life after CIRCAP for its former students? Which career do they opt for: do they work in the academia or outside? To what extent were their years at CIRCAP a good training for their current position when they do not work in the academic field? As academics, what are their publications and their ongoing research project? All these questions will find answers in the pages of *Polichange*. For any query please do not hesitate to contact us:

marco.brunazzo@unitn.it / christophe.roux@univ-montp1.fr

Marco Brunazzo and Christophe Roux, *editors of Polichange*



Our Mission

It is made up of current and former students, as well as professors and faculty members that currently teach or have previously taught at CIRCaP for at least 12 months (either consecutively or not). At the moment the Association has about 150 members. Their voluntarily work and their contributions constitute the main source for the Association to promote the educational and scientific resources of CIRCaP and the continued participation by the Alumni in various aspects of the academic community.



Nicolò Conti
President of the
Alumni association

By creation of this Association we have engaged in what we think is an important mission: to continue the uniqueness of CIRCaP, and the uniqueness of our experience as students/scholars in its programmes. The best way to achieve our goal is now to help others, just like ourselves, to accomplish their own mission, either as students or scholars.

But we can't do any of this without your support. We warmly encourage you to share the vocation of the Association and to engage in its cooperative work. Your support is of vital importance, the more that you contribute, the more we can be successful. We hope that you share our sentiments about the need of such an Association and that you will do your best to contribute, either materially or intellectually, to its continued existence.

I personally look forward to be back to you in the future with many good news on the achievements of our Association!

Nicolò Conti — *President of the Alumni association*



The website www.circapalumni.com is meant as a virtual showcase of the association 'Friends of CIRCaP' and a meeting place for its members.

The *structure* of the website is "subject driven" and it is organized into subject categories.

Details about the aims of the association and the current list of its members are on the pages [About Us](#) and [Members](#).

You are welcome to give us new ideas regarding both the design and contents of the website

All the official documents and the legal basis of the association, like the Constitution Act, Statutes and Assembly minutes stay on the page '[Statutes](#)'.

The [Activities](#) page brings info about past events, current actions and further plans of the association.

Information about how to make donations to our association are on the [Fund Raising](#) page. There you will find the details of our bank account, or as alternative the PayPal transfer money system.

On the same page is the 'hall of fame' list with the names of the [current donors](#).

Finally, in the [Photo Gallery](#) there are some of our pictures from different lectures, conferences and other official and casual occasions.

We are now working on the construction of a page that will contain advertising of [Stage offers](#), Job placement and all possible info that our members find useful to enter (and stay) in the academic (but not only) job market.

The website is continuously amendable. You are welcome to give us new ideas regarding both the design and contents of the website. Should you have further questions, advises, comments or want to upload your own contents on the website please contact Angela at movileanu@unisi.it.
Angela Movileanu

Jean Blondel Tuesday Seminars in Political Science. The tradition continues

The Association Friends of CIRCaP is supporting the current series of Jean Blondel Tuesday Seminars in Political Science. The seminars — held during the teaching periods of the CIRCaP Graduate school — are coordinated by Luca Verzichelli. Here is the list of speakers for the Fall term 2008-2009:

- Stuart Soroka (University of Montreal)
- Paolo Bellucci (*University of Siena*)
- Pier Virgilio Dastoli (Direttore Rappresentanza Italia-Italiana Commissione Europea)

- Francesco Zucchini (University of Milan)
- Hans Peter Kriesi (University of Zurich)
- Amie Kreppel (University of Florida)
- Silvana Cabrera and Pierangelo Isernia (University of Siena)
- Pippo Ranci (Università Cattolica)
- Thomas Poguntke (University of Bochum and IUE, Florence)

The list of speakers for the next series of seminars (Spring 2009) will be soon published on the CIRCaP web page.

The Laudatio for Jean Blondel, Laurea Honoris Causa at the University of Siena

Here we publish the laudatio pronounced by Prof. Maurizio Cotta before the award of the Laurea Honoris Causa in Political sciences from the University of Siena to Prof. Jean Blondel, on October 9, 2008.

The title of the Lectio Magistralis given by Jean Blondel was *Personalisation of leadership: parties and the citizens*.



Jean Blondel, *Doctor Honoris Causa*

Rector, Deans and Colleagues, Students of the University of Siena, President of the European University Institute, Ladies and Gentlemen,

It is for me at the same time a great honour and a deep pleasure to pronounce the *laudatio* of Jean Blondel. The long and warm relationship of cooperation that the University of Siena has established during more than a decade with this prestigious scholar has enabled me to familiarise with the human and scientific qualities of Jean Blondel and to deeply appreciate them.

In this short speech I will touch upon the solid grounds for this proposal, made by the Faculty of Political Sciences, and willingly accepted by both our university and the Italian Minister of University, to confer upon Jean Blondel the honorary degree we are celebrating today.

Blondel as one of the most distinguished contemporary scholars of democratic politics and of some of its crucial mechanisms, Blondel as an indefatigable promoter of political science studies and of the institutions devoted to sustaining their development; Blondel as a generous friend and collaborator of the university of Siena: these are the three aspects that I will briefly illustrate.

Jean Blondel the eminent scholar of democratic politics.

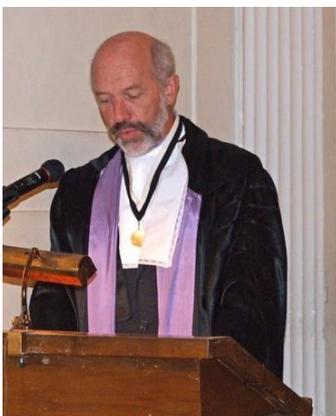
His accomplishments in this field are so well known internationally that if I were speaking only to political scientists I would feel even embarrassed to address this point. It is not a case that recently (in 2004) the University of Uppsala decided to attribute him the prestigious Johann Skytte prize, which deserves to be considered the Nobel prize of political science.

Many years ago in the first years of my academic career, if I may start from a personal recollection, I remember vividly when another great political scientist, Giovanni Sartori, who was at that time my mentor, suggested that I read an article by "the well known scholar Jean Blondel" (to be honest at that point he was not so well known to me). I was then doing a comparative study on parliamentary institutions and that article (*Legislative behaviour. Some steps toward a cross-national measurement*, published in the journal "Government and opposition" of 1969) proved particularly enlightening (I still have in my files a thoroughly worn off copy!). Jean Blondel published many more important things before and after this article written years ago, but I want to mention it here because it clearly illustrates some typical features of his work. It is first of all a comparative work stressing thus the importance of this method for political science. It also signals Blondel's distinctive preference for empirical analyses and his keen attention for the development of new instruments of empirical observation. Finally it reveals his generosity in involving younger scholars in his research activities. We can rightly say that these three features have constantly characterised the long academic life of our friend.

Whoever reads Blondel's *curriculum vitae* and list of publications will be truly astonished by the sheer quantity and even more by the continuity of his research work during more than fifty years. The number of books written entirely by himself or co-authored and edited with other scholars, the articles published in international journals show with clear evidence that his passion for the study of politics has known no distraction. And I am quite sure, that given Blondel's young and vigorous age of seventy nine, this list of publications which started with a book on the political life of the Brazilian state of Paraiba will grow even longer in the next years.

Among the variety of topics covered in his publications it is easy to identify a number of dominating themes. The interest for the central institutions and for the crucial actors of democracy has without doubts been the guiding thread of the research work conducted by Blondel. After a first comparative book on representative assemblies (*Comparative Legislatures* del 1973) Blondel increasingly directed his attention to the study of executives. Even when political scientists (under the influence perhaps of some sort of latent "populistic" leaning) privileged the study of elections and parliaments (and in general of the bottom up perspective in democracy) he had no doubts about the importance of studying the governmental institutions, their structure, functioning and components for a better understanding of the real working of contemporary democracies. To pursue this line of research, besides his own personal efforts, he has not spared his energy to create and mobilize collective research groups.

The interest for the central institutions and for the crucial actors of democracy has without doubts been the guiding thread of the research work conducted by Blondel



The *laudatio* by Maurizio Cotta

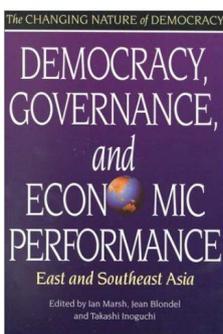
Over the years a whole series of books have been produced in this way: from *The Organisation of Governments* of 1982 to *Cabinets in Western Europe* edited together with Ferdinand Müller Rommel, to *Party and Government* of 1996, to *The Nature of Party Government* of 2000, until the recent *Governing New European Democracies* of 2007 edited once more with F. Müller Rommel and Daria Malova. In different ways all these works have attempted to analyze governments from perspectives that are both sound and innovative. Rather than studying the executives, as it is more usual, in their relationship with electoral competition, and concentrating on the processes of government formation and government termination these books have tried to open up the black box of the government itself and to understand its internal mechanisms. In some of these studies he has proposed a particularly innovative approach to the study of party/government relations by suggesting to analyze the less known face of this relationship, i.e. the impact of the executives upon their supporting parties.

Strictly connected with the study of governments is the second field of research dear to Blondel, the study of leaders, and of the role of leadership in democratic politics. Closer to the Schumpeterian and Sartorian interpretations of democracy, than to the tendency to reduce democracy to its horizontal dimension Blondel has never shared the view that leaders and leadership are irrelevant factors in this regime and has repeatedly approached this theme in his research work as can be seen in the books such as *World Leaders* of 1980, *Political Leadership* of 1987 and *The Profession of Government Minister in Western Europe* of 1991.

In recent years this interest for the role of leaders in governmental institutions (and for the institutional conditions favouring or limiting the exercise of leadership) has lead him to study the functioning of presidential systems in Latin America. In doing so he contributed to new threads of research such as the one concerning the relationship between the president and his cabinet.

It is not a coincidence that his doctoral lecture will be devoted to the theme of leadership and its study in political science, as we will soon be able to hear about it.

I will not mention many other topics covered by some of



A recent work by Jean Blondel

studies on the political systems of the countries which have only recently entered in the EU. Here Blondel is not only guided by a genuine scientific interest but also by his long personal experience as a true "citizens of Europe" well before the Amsterdam Treaty defined this figure. Born and educated in France and still truly "Gallican" in some traits of his personality, Blondel has spent greatest part of his academic career in Britain

where he absorbed the Anglo-Saxon style of university life and finally he concluded his official career in Italy. But his intellectual curiosity has left no corner of the European space unexplored and almost everywhere he has stimulated younger scholars from different countries to research and make comparisons. I come now to the second point: *Jean Blondel as an active promoter of political science in the academic world.*

The vital energies of our friend were never confined to the simple sphere of research (although, as we have seen he has never ceased to work indefatigably in this realm). Since the beginning of his career Jean Blondel has interpreted his academic role also as that of an "institution builder", actively operating for the development of institutions dedicated to the promotion of research in the field of political science. In this role he has been guided by the belief that also in the field of human sciences and in particular of political science strong institutional structures must play a crucial role in providing support to the work of the individuals and in promoting coordinated efforts for the development of research and advanced training.

Jean Blondel has interpreted his academic role also as that of an "institution builder"

Throughout his life Blondel has never abandoned this "mission" which has always walked hand in hand with his devotion to research. He started in the 1960s by setting up the Department of Government at the University of Essex which soon acquired a national and European position of leadership in the field of political science and which still today maintains in its DNA much of the original imprint given by Blondel. His action subsequently gained a transnational dimension with his leading role (together with other important figures of European political science such as Hans Daalder, Stein Rokkan, Rudolf Wildenmann) in the conception, foundation and development of the ECPR (the European Consortium of Political Research). Of this institutional masterpiece of European political science he was the first director in the crucial phase of its institutionalisation. As European political scientists well know, the role of this institution which today connects hundreds of departments throughout the continent, in overcoming the parochialism of national political science communities, defining new standards of scientific research, and providing instruments for the socialization and training of young scholars, can hardly be underestimated. Interestingly enough the true Europeanisation of political science on this side of the Atlantic has been achieved through a deliberate attempt to transplant into Europe the best academic practices of American political science.

This effort however was not the end of Blondel's fight for the progress of political science. Having left for some time now his active role in ECPR he has not been afraid of taking up the challenge of Asian political science. Some years ago he decided to engage his friends and colleagues from Japan, Korea, Taiwan, Singapore, etc. into starting an Asian Consortium for Political Research which should repeat the achievements of the European organisation. I have had the privilege to watch him at work in one of the first meetings devoted to this effort and I was truly astonished by the boldness of his intuition and by the unrelenting energy he put into it.

It will take some time, when one considers the very special political and cultural conditions of Asia, to see if this Asian enterprise will be able to match the results of the European one, but the beginning in itself is a true milestone.

We reach now the third point: *Jean Blondel as a generous friend of the University of Siena.*

By the mid-1980s the long academic career of Blondel takes an Italian turn. In 1985 the European University Institute of Fiesole, which is represented here by its president professor Yves Mény, gave its chair in comparative politics to Blondel. From this moment, and thanks to a series of research projects on the comparative study of European cabinets, there began my personal acquaintance and research collaboration with him. From this personal relationship it was soon possible to develop a more institutional link with the University of Siena. Indeed Blondel was soon collaborating with this small group of Sieneese political scientists who were engaged in an attempt (still a bit uncertain in its goals and in its instruments) to create a stronger unit of research and advanced

His absolute dedication to the scientific mission, his unrelenting determination in following the goals he has set to himself, but at the same time his simplicity and complete lack of academic pompousness and the almost unlimited generosity toward younger scholars make him really unique on the international political science scene.

training in the field of political science. As his work at the EUI, already intense, could not exhaust his energies he immediately made himself available to help this new enterprise with his long academic experience,

his ideas and much appreciated encouragements. I cannot go here over all the details of this collaboration but it is easy for me to say that, if today the University of Siena has a research unit in the field of political science which has acquired some national and international reputation and a well established graduate school offering both a master and a PhD programme, this owes very much to the generous efforts of Jean Blondel who over the past years has never ceased to come to Siena to teach, talk with graduate students, oversee their dissertations, liaise with foreign scholars, and to stimulate us to go further.

I must remember also that when Jean and his wife Tess decided, to reduce their time in Italy and decided to move to a smaller apartment, he donated a large part of his rich collection of books to the "Circolo Giuridico" library of the University of Siena.



Before concluding I would like to say a few more words that do not specifically concern any of the above mentioned points but touch upon something which is even more important and that has to do with Jean Blondel's personality. Given my age and having travelled a bit I have had the privilege to meeting many of the most important and influential figures in the international political science arena throughout the last decades. I do not want, here, to provide any kind of ranking, but I must say that I have been particularly struck by the traits that make Blondel a very special person. His absolute dedication to the scientific mission, his unrelenting determination in following the goals he has set to himself, but at the same time his simplicity and complete lack of academic pompousness and the almost unlimited generosity toward younger scholars make him really unique on the international political science scene.

For all these reasons, I believe that by honouring professor Jean Blondel with this degree the University of Siena honours itself at the same time for having established such a close relationship with an extraordinary personality.

Maurizio Cotta

Professor of Political Science at the University of Siena

The text of the Lectio Magistralis given by Jean Blondel will be soon available as a CIRCAP distinguished lecture at the centre's web page

A research project supported by the association

In the course of 2008 the association has supported a research on *Public Opinion and Foreign Policy* that has received a grant from the Italian Ministry of Foreign Affairs. The research has been coordinated by Pierangelo Isernia. On our web page it is available the report in italian.



History File

They hold a PhD in Comparative European Politics from the CIRCaP at the University of Siena

Name	Country of origin	Discussion	Title
Marco Brunazzo	Italy	2004	<i>La politica di coesione in Europa. Esiti divergenti in Francia e in Italia</i>
Nicoló Conti	Italy	2004	<i>Party Contestation of the Political Space and the European Issue</i>
Alessia Donà	Italy	2004	<i>L'europeizzazione della politica per la parità di genere. Un'analisi comparata di Italia e Regno Unito</i>
Giovanna Antonia Fois	Italy	2004	<i>La fedeltà all'Europa. Le élites italiane e il processo di integrazione monetaria</i>
Filippo Tronconi	Italy	2004	<i>Identità etnica e competizione politica. Un'analisi dei partiti etnoregionalisti in Europa occidentale</i>
Caterina Carta	Italy	2005	<i>The Engineering of Diplomacy: Ideas, Preferences and Identities of the Commission's Diplomats</i>
Ekaterina Domorenok	Belarus	2005	<i>Evolution of the COR: An Experience of Institution Building</i>
Daniel Erler	Germany	2005	<i>Public Work-family Reconciliation Policies in Germany and Italy</i>
Isik Gurleyen	Turkey	2005	<i>Impact of EU Political Conditionality on Democratization: Turkey</i>
Maria Eugenia Iocco	Argentina	2005	<i>The International Role of Cities: Decentralized Cooperation Between Political Symbolism and Domestic Concerns</i>
Diletta Latini	Italy	2005	<i>Le democrazie e la guerra. Pressioni esterne e contrappesi nazionali all'uso della forza</i>
Vincenzo Memoli	Italy	2005	<i>Legittimità, Soddisfazione e Disaffezione Politica in Europa</i>
Catherine Moury	Belgium	2005	<i>Coalition Government and Party's Mandate: Is the Government Bounded by the Coalition Agreement?</i>
Giorgia Nesti	Italy	2005	<i>Come funziona una politica europea. Interessi, leadership e conoscenze nella politica della Società dell'informazione</i>
Carmina Petrarca	Italy	2005	<i>I valori del Neo-Conservatorismo in Italia e Gran Bretagna</i>
Christophe Roux	France	2005	<i>Les 'îles sœurs'. Une sociologie historique comparée de la contestation nationalitaire en Corse et en Sardaigne</i>
Daniela Sicurelli	Italy	2005	<i>Istituzioni e network governance nelle politiche di sicurezza alimentare della UE e degli USA. Il caso delle biotecnologie</i>
Ebru Canan	Turkey	2006	<i>The Post-Cold War Patterns of American and European Public Opinion on Use of Force: Not Just Doves and Hacks but also Cuckoo, Birds, and Ostrich</i>
Nadia Carboni	Italy	2006	<i>Il controllo politico della burocrazia. La nomina dei vertici dell'amministrazione centrale in Italia ed in prospettiva comparata</i>
Nicoletta Di Sotto	Italy	2006	<i>I partiti etnoregionalisti di fronte al processo di integrazione europea</i>
Martino Mazzoleni	Italy	2006	<i>Regional Decentralization and Party Policy Change. Votes, Goals, Reforms. A Comparative Analysis of Party Positions in France, Great Britain, and Italy</i>
Licia Papavero	Italy	2006	<i>Revisiting the 'Contagion Theory'. Female Parliamentary Recruitment in Italy and Spain (1975-2005)</i>
Ozgehan Senyuva	Turkey	2006	<i>Turkish Public Opinion and the European Union. Determinants of Turkish Public Support for European Union Membership</i>
Christopher Bedding	Germany	2007	<i>Understanding the Strategy and Distribution of Democracy Assistance: The Cases of the European Union and the United States of America</i>
Elisabetta De Giorgi	Italy	2007	<i>Parliamentary Opposition in Western European Democracies Today: Systemic or Issue Oriented? A Comparative Analyses of four Parliamentary Systems</i>
Michele Lo Russo	Italy	2007	<i>La classe politica regionale in Italia. Un'analisi su autonomia, persistenza e ambizione politica in sei regioni italiane</i>
Fabio Garcia Lupato	Spain / Italy	2007	<i>Europeanisation and Political Parties: Salience and Usage of Europe in Spanish and Italian Electoral and Parliamentary Competition</i>
Francesco Marangoni	Italy	2007	<i>The Performance of the Italian Executive: An Empirical Analysis of the Legislative Outputs of Five Italian Governments between 1983 and 2006</i>
Krzysztof Nowaczek	Poland	2007	<i>Communitarisation of Legal Immigration Policy: A Bridge to Equality or Another Brick in "Fortress Europe"</i>
Gianluca Passarelli	Italy	2007	<i>I poteri presidenziali nei sistemi semi-presidenziali: il Portogallo in prospettiva comparata</i>
Federico Russo	Italy	2007	<i>Parliamentary Questioning in Western Europe: Towards New Forms of Political Representation?</i>
Fabio Serricchio	Italy	2007	<i>Sostegno e identità tra i cittadini europei. Il caso di Italia e Spagna</i>
Weiqing Song	China	2007	<i>Europeanisation of National Foreign Policy: The EU and UK's Relations with China</i>
Fabio Zuccheri	Italy	2007	<i>Beyond Conditionality: The Impact of the EU on the Protection of National Minorities and Gender Equality in Central-East Europe</i>
Marcello Carammia	Italy	2008	<i>The Politics of European Union Immigration Policy. Institutions, Actors, and Processes</i>
Angela Movileanu	Moldova/ Romania	2008	<i>Assessing the Descriptive Political Representation of Women in Cabinet of Central and Eastern European Countries</i>

History file

They hold the *Master in Politics in Europe* from the CIRCaP at the University of Siena

1999-2000: Paolo Del Chiappa, Federica Forzoni, Maria Grazia Galantino, Tiziana Gatti, Petra Grabner, Marco Guiggi, Massimiliano Lorenzi, Helena Martin, Paolo Zanotto, Marco Brunazzo, Nicolò Conti

2000-2001: Ilaria Cavicchioli, Sandra Ferrari, Esra Ozagca, Maria Perrotta, Sergio Vasarri, Isik Gurleyen, Catherine Moury

2001-2002: Alberto Acuto, Silvia Arzilli, Gaspare Carulli, Louis Vincent Celentano, Timothy Andrew Chafos, Bahar Funda Gultekin, Lorenzo Striuli, Celine Vivier

2002-2003: Ozlem Berktaş, Valentina Gentile, Massimiliano Giannotti, Marc Grandmontagne, Slobodan Jaksic, Massine Sadat, Zileli Sebnem, Giovambattista Verniory

2003-2004: Ceren Besoklar, Edward Brown, Cihan Cevizli, Mihai Ciuboteanu, Denis Dossche, Linda Fratini, Uffe Groen Sorensen, Gabriele Masetti, Angela Movileanu, Enrico Muratore, Omer Novinsky, Natasha Rohatinski, Giovanna Santarsiero, Vaclav Svejda, Tine Van Criekeing

2004-2005: Francesco Bucci, Riccardo Caria, Nicolas Cleran, Antonella De Felice, Maria Cristina Florenzano, Vera Galarza, Zorana Ivankovik, Maja Karas, Claudia Lamonaca, Lazine Idil Oztig, Nina Pangerl, Fani Papagianni, Solidea Formichelli, Wolfgang Doerner, Tim Soleil



2005-2006: Senay Gullu, Maria Luisa Esposito, Francesco Olmastro, Chiara Tronnolone

2006-2007: Stefania Galatolo, Aurore Goethals, Ezio Saponari, Aris Tolios

2007-2008: David Baroni, Paolo De Maria, Arjan Dyrnishi, Zafer Kizilkaya, Nina Liljeqvist, Ramona Macovei, Rossella Borri

The CIRCaP Graduate School

2008—2009

Here are the names of the students attending the courses of the Graduate School this year:

PhD in Comparative European Politics:

Rossella Borri, Gaetano Cadenzo, Maxim Chernyshev, Lamis El Muhtaseb, Diego Garzia, Jo-Ying (Vittoria) Lee, Fabio Leone, Martino Rubal Maseda, Chiara Toniato.

Master Politics in Europe:

Marsela Bako, Marco Caniglia, Fabio Fasoli, Burmalis Ilyas, Natalie Bianca Lupini, Stefano Aurelio Quadro, Pasqualina Smaldore, Cigdem Tuncer,



Give your contribution to Polichange!

All the CIRCaP alumni are warmly invited to collaborate to the following issues of Polichange. We want to make of this newsletter your **voice**. The voice of dozens CIRCaP Alumni scattered all along Europe and beyond.

You can reach us by e-mail and send us ideas, comments and criticisms. But we would also ask you to give

Send us your news!

Please send us your news, your coordinates and your photos for our archives

us a more concrete contribution: we are looking for materials and short articles describing your ongoing projects, your current work and on your experiences in academic life as well as in other sectors.

Also, we want to create an up-to-date address book to keep all of you in touch,

and a detailed data-set concerning the job placement experiences and the publications of the CIRCaP alumni. Your help will be decisive.

We are looking forward to hearing from you soon.

The editorial board of POLICHANGE



Friends of CIRCaP

President:
Nicolò Conti

Members of the steering committee:

Marco Brunazzo
Maurizio Cotta
Francesco Marangoni
Angela Moveleanu
Christophe Roux
Filippo Tronconi

Tel.: +39 0577235311
Fax: +39 0577235292
E-mail: conti19@unisi.it
Web: <http://circapalumni.com/>

POLICHANGE

The NEWSLETTER of the
Friends of CIRCaP

Editors

Marco Brunazzo
(marco.brunazzo@unitn.it)
Christophe Roux
(christophe.roux@univ-montp1.fr)

Desktop Publishing
Hydra Designers

Recent Publications from the Alumni

Marco BRUNAZZO. *Le regioni italiane e l'Unione europea. Accessi istituzionali e di politica pubblica*. Rome: Carocci, 2005.

Nadia CARBONI, *Il circolo virtuoso del controllo politico*. Sovieria Mannelli, Rubettino, 2008.

Alessia DONÀ. *Genere e politiche pubbliche. Un'introduzione alle pari opportunità in Italia*. Milan: Bruno Mondadori, 2008.

Alessia DONÀ. *Le pari opportunità. Condizione femminile e integrazione europea*. Rome-Bari: Laterza, 2007.

Giorgia NESTI. *La società dell'informazione in Europa: attori, interessi e relazioni nei policy-making dell'UE*. Padua: Cleup, 2005.

Gianluca PASSARELLI, *Monarchi elettivi? Dinamiche presidenziali in Francia e Portogallo*. Bologna: Bononia University Press, 2008.

Christophe ROUX. (ed.) *L'Italie du politique*. Montpellier: Climats, 2003.

Ozgehan SENYUVA. *Public Support for European Integration and Public Support for Turkish Membership*. Ankara Universitesi Basitevi, 2008.

Daniela SICURELLI. *Divisi dall'ambiente. Gli USA e l'Unione europea nelle politiche di clima e della biodiversità*. Milan: Vita e Pensiero, 2007.

Filippo TRONCONI. *I partiti etnoregionalisti. La politica dell'identità territoriale in Europa occidentale*. Bologna: Il Mulino, 2009.